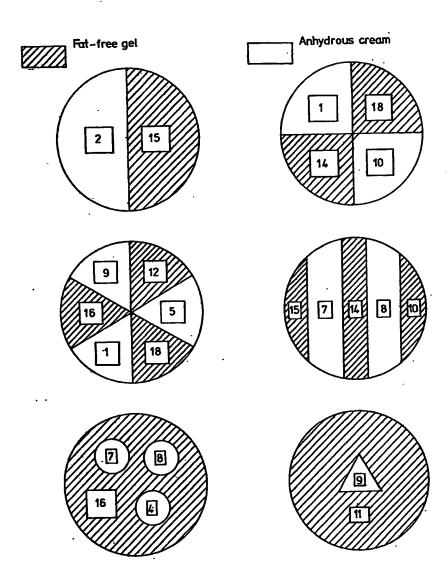
HENKEL

1486634

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET

This drawing is a reproduction of the Original on a reduced scale



PATENT SPECIFICATION

(11) **1 486 634**

(21) Application No. 44985/74 (22) Filed 17 Oct. 1974 (31) Convention Application No. 2 352 266

(32) Filed 18 Oct. 1973 in

(33) Fed. Rep. of Germany (DT)

(44) Complete Specification published 21 Sept. 1977

(51) INT CL² A61K 7/40

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(52) Index at acceptance A5B 771



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(54) PACKAGES CONTAINING TWO OR MORE SKIN-CARE AGENTS IN CONTACT

(71) We, HENKEL & CIE. GMBH., a German Company, of 67 Henkelstrasse, Duesseldorf-Holthausen 4000, Germany, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

The present invention relates to a skin-care preparation comprising fat-free aqueous gels and anhydrous fatty creams in contact in one packaging container. It is already known to use both anhydrous fatty creams and also fat-free

aqueous gels as skin-care agents in special limited spheres of application. The anhydrous fatty creams which are here concerned are those agents for the care and protection of the skin which are particularly suitable for persons having extremely dry skin. They can, moreover, be used generally to afford protection against the influences of the weather, which severely tax the skin, such as wind, rain snow the effect of streng working work is worth severely tax the skin, such as wind, rain, snow; the effect of strong sunshine; and long bathing in fresh or salt water. A further sphere of application for anhydrous fatty creams is their use as night creams and in the care of severely taxed rough areas of skin, such as for example hands, elbows and heels. By means of special additions, such as substances which absorb ultra-violet rays, moisture agents or other additives, there can be produced on this basis protective agents against the sun, moisturising creams or special creams having a particular effect. Creams of this type rapidly melt on the skin and can therefore be spread easily in a thin and even layer.

The fat-free aqueous gels are also valued as skin-care agents which can be used in special spheres of application. The substances here concerned are chiefly gels based on tragacanth, gelatine, alginates, polyacrylic acid in combination with glycerine and special additives. They are particularly suitable as protective agents during the day and as a foundation for make-up when the facial skin is extremely greasy, and also in the care of roughened hands. At the same time they can be provided with special additives in order to obtain special creams having a particular effect. The fat-free aqueous gels can also be spread easily on the skin

and have a refreshing and cooling effect thereon.

Since the consumers have a wide range of skin types and the skin-care agents are intended to serve the most diverse purposes, it has hitherto been necessary to use various mixtures of the above ingredients and to keep them in numerous individual containers. Such mixtures however require an emulsifying agent if they are to remain stable in storage. It has been found that such emulsifiers often give

SPECIFICATION NO 1486634

By a direction given under Section 17(1) of the Patents Act 1949 this application proceeded in the name of HENKEL KOMMANDITGESELLSCHAFT AUF AKTIEN, a German Company, of 67 Henkelstrasse, 4000 Dusseldorf-Holthausen, Germany.

THE PATENT OFFICE

Bas 46018/18

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It is already known to use both anhydrous fatty creams and also fat-free

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and have a refreshing and cooling effect thereon. Since the consumers have a wide range of skin types and the skin-care agents are intended to serve the most diverse purposes, it has hitherto been necessary to use various mixtures of the above ingredients and to keep them in numerous individual containers. Such mixtures however require an emulsifying agent if they are to remain stable in storage. It has been found that such emulsifiers often give rise to allergies in persons with sensitive skin.

The present invention has for its object the provision of a skin-care combination, which permits the consumer himself to prepare the cream suited to his skin type, the purpose and the weather, which cream is inexpensive and easily

According to the present invention there is provided a skin-care preparation comprising at least one fat-free aqueous gel and at least one anhydrous fatty cream, the gel and the cream being present in a packaging container separately and without partitioning walls between said gel and cream, the gel and the cream being independently accessible in and separately removable from the container and in which the disposition of the gel and the cream in the container enable the gel and the cream to be simultaneously removed from the container.

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-	Substances conc rned in the case of the fat-free aqueous gels, n which the combined skin-care agent is based, are usually preparations based on thickeners,	
	such as for xampl tragacanth, gelatine, alginates, agar-agar, methyl cellulose,	
_	carboxymethyl centhose, polyacrylic acid, colloidal silicic acid, multivalent	
5	alconois such as glycerine, propylene glycol, sorbitol, so cial additives such as	5
	moisturising agents, extracts of herbs, preservatives, onacifiers, colouring	•
	substances and perfumes.	
	The anhydrous fatty creams on which the combined skin-care agent is based,	
10	are usually preparations based on natural fats, oils, waxes, Vaseline [Registered Trade Mark], paraffins, fatty alcohols, metallic salts of long-chained fatty acids,	
	special additives, such as substances which absorb ultra-violet rays, moisturising	10
	agents, preservatives, opacifiers, colouring substances and scented oils.	
	Since neither product is an emulsion, it is not necessary to use emulsifying	
15	agents, so that the skin-care preparation according to the invention is particularly	
13	suitable for persons having sensitive skin, who tend towards allervies in respect of	15
	individual emulsifying agents.	
	The skin-care preparation according to the invention enables the consumer	
	himself to prepare the optimum cream for his skin-type, the respective purpose and the weather, by removing portions of the anhydrous fatty cream and the fat-	
20	free aqueous gel from the container and mixing same, or, if need be, of using the	20
	almydrous latty cream of the lat-free aqueous get alone. The mixing of the two	20
	basic creams in the desired ratio can be effected quickly on the back of the hand or	
	m the hig of the container. The skin-care agent thus produced is quite	
25	unexpectedly comparable to an emulsion of creamy consistency with regard to its	
	cosmetic properties, its distributability and its capacity for penetration. The components of the skin-care preparation of the invention do not become	25
	intermingled in the container even when kept for quite long periods.	
	Ine appearance of the two components of the combined skin-care agent can	
30	vary considerably, thereby providing a differentiation of the individual	
30	components in accordance with its nature and further substances contained	30
	therein e.g. substances for filtering ultra-violet rays. The anhydrous fatty cream without further additives is clichtly cloud; clarks and the contract of the	
	without further additives is slightly cloudy, almost transparent. The addition of white pigments, e.g. titanium dioxide, zinc oxide, magnesium oxide or mettalic	
	SOAPS, DIEICIADLY INCIAL SICARAICS OF nalmitates, gives rise to a white cross. A white	
35	colouring is also obtained by the addition of an onacifier inteferably a conclumer	35
•	based on polystyrene. A coloured, vitreous cream is obtained by the sole addition	
	of an off-soluble colouring substance. The general addition of oil-soluble colouring	
	substances with opacifiers, colouring pigments, gold-, silver- or colouring gloss pigments produces a wide range of variations in colour. The same variety of	
40	appearance from the clear transparent gel to the coloured gel with gloss effects	40
	can be achieved in the case of the fat-free gel, wherein water-soluble colouring	40
	substances are used instead of oil-soluble colouring substances	
	The packaging containers which are provided, preferably transparent glass or	
45	plastic containers in the form of a jar or a pot, are filled with the two types of	
73	component in various arrangements. Various possibilities for arranging them can be seen in the accompanying drawings.	45
	The filling can be effected in such a manner that either before or during the	
	litting a partitioning member is inserted into the jar, and is removed on completion	
	of filling. This can be readily effected after passing through a cooling or pormal	
50	paul, since both products are inixofronic and filling is effected at approximately 20	50
	to 35°C. However, the two products can each be supplied without an insertion	
	from one or several nozzles to the jars, during which process different	
	arrangements and irregular patterns are possible. It is also possible first to half fill the pot with one cream and then to insert the other cream in the centre from a	
55	mozale which is lowered to the pottom of the not and then slowly raised during	
	filling. In this way a substantially round ray-shaped core is produced in the centre.	55
•		
	Example. The following examples of aphydrone fetter arrange at 5 4 5	
	The following examples of anhydrous fatty creams and fat-free aqueous gels may be used in the skin-care preparation of the invention, being filled into	
60	containers as indicated in the accompanying drawings.	-
	£	60

	Slightly cloudy, almost tran (Cream No. 1).	isparent,	anhydrous	fatty cream	•			
	myristyl alcohol				2.0 parts by weight			
	cetyl alcohol				.0 "			
5	microcrystalline paraf	. 20	.0 "		:			
	liquid paraffin				.5 "			
	triglyceride of 12-hyd	roxysteai	ric acid	2	.0 "			
	Scented oil			0	.5 · "			
0	White anhydrous fatty crea (Cream No. 2).	m.			-		1	
	myristyl alcohol			2	.0 parts	by weight		
	cetyl alcohol			4	.0 "	-		
	microcrystalline parai	20	.0 - "					
	liquid paraffin	70	.7 "					
5	colloidal silicic acid	2	.0 "		:			
	titanium dioxide	1.0 "						
	scented oil		0	.3 "				
	Various white anhydrous fa	itty crean	ns.					
o.		Cream 3	No. 4	5	6		:	
	Vaseline (Registered Trade Mark)	10.0	10.0	10.0		parts by weight	-	
	Polyethylene wax	_	_		10.0	>>		
	Hard Paraffin	20.0	15.0	15.0	_	,,		
5	Liquid paraffin	49.5	52.5	50.4	73.5	**	;	
	Ethyleneglycolmono- stearate	_	_	5.0	_	» ·		
	Isopropylmyristate	5.0		_	5.0	"		
	2-octyldodecanol		5.0	10.0	_	77		
D	Triglyceride of middle- chain fatty acids C ₅ —C ₁₂	5.0	5.0	_	_	"		
	Stearylalcohol	4.0	5.0	_	5.0	**		
	Cetyl alcohol	_		4.0	3.0	,,		
5	Aluminium stearate	2.0			_	**		
	Colloidal silicic acid	_			2.0	,,		
						•		

·	Various white anhydrous fo	attu araa	1,480,034			4
	The second was a second of the	Cream		5	£	
				<u> </u>	6	_
5	Zinc oxide	3.0	4.0		>>	
	Zinc stearate	_	3.0	5.0	>>	5
	Perfume	0.5	_	0.6	0.5 "	
	Coloured anhydrous fatty	creams.				
		Cream 7	No. 8	9		
10	Myristyl alcohol	2.0	2.0	2.0 par	ts by weight	10
	Cetyl alcohol	4.0	4.0	4.0 "	-	
	Microcrystalline paraffin- hydrocarbons	20.0	20.0	20.0 "		
	Liquid paraffin	70.3	65.4	69.5 "		
15	Hardened ricinoleic acid	2.0		_ "		15
	Aluminium stearate		2.0	"	-	
	Colloidal silicic acid	_	_	2.0 "		
	Titanium dioxide	0.7	1.0	0.5 "		
20	Sico-fat blue 50401 N = C-ext. blue 12, 0.2% in liquid paraffin	0.6	÷	_ "		20
	Sico-fat red = C-red 2 0.05% in liquid paraffin	_	5.0	vi		
25	Gloss pigment of the iriodine type	_	_	1.5 "		25
	Scented oil	0.4	0.6	0.5 "		
	Anhydrous sun-protection ci (Cream No. 10).	ream.				
Ю	Myristyl alcohol			2.0	parts by weight	30
	Cetyl alcohol			4.0	"	
	Microcrystalline paraf	fin-hydro	ocarbons	20.0	"	
	Liquid paraffin			68.5	"	3
	Triglyceride of 12-hyd	2.0	••	•		
5	Titanium dioxide			1.0	23	35
	Ethylhexyl-p-methoxy-cinnamic acid ester			2.0	**	
	scented oil			0.5	**	

	Fat-free aqueous gels havin	g herb ext	racts.			
		Gel No. 11	12	13		
5	Carboxyvinylpolymer Car- bopol 940 [Registered Trade Mark]	0.6		— parts	by weight	5
	Gelatine		4.0	"		
	Colloidal silicic acid	_	_	10.0 "		
ē	Glycerine	8.0	15.0	40.0 "		
10	Sorbitol			30.0 "		10
	Ethanol	_	3.0	_ "		
	Triethanolamine	0.6	_	_ "		
	Herb extracts	1.0	2.0	5.0 "		
15	Ethoxylated partial glycerides of fatty acids C ₄ —C ₁₂	_	1.0	_ ["]		15
20	Opacifier based on styrenecopolymer SC 9142 (BASF) [Regis- tered Trade Mark]	-	0.4	_ "		20
	L-blue Z 5000 = C-blue 20, 1% aqueous solution	0.2	0.3	0.25 "		
25	40% suspension of zinc stearate	1.0	_	0.5 "		25
	Preservative	0.2	0.2	0.2 "		
	Scented oil	0.5	0.5	0.5 "		
	Water	87.9	73.6	13.55 "	-	
	Fat-free aqueous gels of w	urious color	urs.			
30	-	Gel No. 14	15	16	17	30
	Carboxyvinylcopolymer	ar- d 0.8	_	_	- parts by weight	
35	Carboxymethylcellulose	_	5.0		"	35
	Methylcellulose			_	2.5 "	
	Sodium alginate	_		2.0	''	
	Glycerine		10.0	10.0	"	
	1,2-propylene glycol	5.0	_	_	5.0 "	
40	Sorbitol	_	_	5.0		40

_6			1,486,634	·			6
•	Fat-free aqueous gels of va	rious colo	urs.				
	-	Gel No.	15	16	17		
	Ethanol	5.0		5.0		39	
5	Triethanolamine	0.8		_		>>	5
	Moisturising agent Hydroviton [Registere Trade Mark]	đ 0.5	1.0	_	2.0	"	
10	Ethoxylated partial glycerides of fatty acids C ₈ —C ₁₂	1.0	_	2.0	0.5		10
15	Opacifier based on styrene copolymer SC 9142 BASF [Registered Trade Mark]	0.5	_	····	,	"	15
	Lemon yellow Z 1100 = C-yellow 11 10% aqueous solution	0.8	_	0.6	_		
20	L-red Z 3000 = C-red 49 5% aqueous solution	_	0.2		0.4	19	20
	Gloss pigment of the iriodine type	_	1.0	1.5	-	***	20
	Preservative	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	"	
	Scented oil	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	"	٠.
25	Water	84.9	82.1	73.2	88.9	***	25
	Fat-free aqueous sun-protect (Gel. No. 18).	tion gel.					
	Carboxylvinylpolymer, [Registered Trade	, Carbopol Mark]	940	0	.8 parts b	y weight	
30	Glycerine			5	.0 "		30
	Triethanolamine		•	1.	.5 "		
	Benzimidazole sulphon	ic acid		2.	.0 "		
	Polyethyleneglycol MC	3 400		1.	.0 "		
35	Opacifier based on styre SC 9142 (BASF) [F	ene copoly Registered	ymer Trade M	ark] 0.	3 ·"		35
	L-red Z 3000 = C-red 49	5% aque	ous soluti	on 0.	3 "		
	Preservative			0.	2 "		•
	Scented oil			0.	5 "	•	
	Water			88.	4 "		
40	Transparent plastic co anhydrous fatty creams and i	ontainers fat-free aq	may be ueous g	filled wit	th the a	forementioned ts shown in th	40

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accompanying drawing. The numbers in the individual sectors in the drawing indicate the number of the cream or gel used. The consumer then has the opportunity of himself mixing the components to form the skin-care preparation which is suited to his skin-type and to the purp se for which it is used.

WHAT WE CLAIM IS:— 5 1. A skin-care preparation comprising at least one fat-free aqueous gel and at least one anhydrous fatty cream, the gel and the cream being present in a packaging container separately and without partitioning walls between said gel

and cream, the gel and the cream being independently accessible in and separately removable from the container and in which the disposition of the gel and the cream in the container enable the gel and the cream to be simultaneously removed from the container.

2. A skin-care preparation as claimed in claim 1, in which the packaging

container is a transparent glass or plastic container.

3. A skin-care preparation as claimed in any of the preceding claims, in which the or each fat-free gel and/or the or each anhydrous fatty cream contain colouring substances and/or pigments and/or other known additives for cosmetic preparations with the exception of emulsifying agents.

4. A skin-care preparation as claimed in claim 1 substantially as hereinbefore

described in the Example.

W. P. THOMPSON & CO., Coopers Building, Church Street, Liverpool, L1 3AB. Chartered Patent Agents.

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